

OPNFV Security Vulnerability Management (OSVM)

Advisory Database

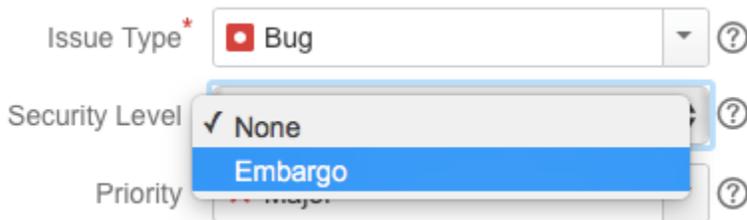
A database is maintained of previous reported advisories can be found here: [Previous OSVM Advisory's](#)

How to report vulnerabilities in OPNFV projects.

Security vulnerabilities should be reported through the relevant project JIRA, by setting the security level to "Embargo" when creating an issue. Before reporting a Security Vulnerability in JIRA, please make sure that the project is a vulnerability managed project. You can tell that a project is a vulnerability managed project if you see the "Security Level" field when you click "Create" and select the relevant project (see image below).

If the project is not a vulnerability managed project, as described above, please contact the project PTL and/or the OPNFV TSC and request this capability (see below). In your request, note that you are attempting to report a security vulnerability and, therefore, the request is urgent.

Additional details about completing a security vulnerability report in JIRA may be found [here](#).



Initial response time

OPNFV project's goal for initial response time for vulnerability response is less than **7 working days**. This is however not a guarantee but a goal set by the team. Under some circumstances (e.g. during vacation period of members) some variation might occur.

If you have not received a response within a week, please alert the TSC, and the associated project PTL, that you have filed a security vulnerability issue. When doing so, DO NOT include details about the vulnerability, just simply alert the TSC, and the associated project PTL, that you have reported a vulnerability.

How to become a vulnerability managed project in OPNFV.

Projects may have security vulnerabilities managed under the OSVM process, by requesting a [security scheme in jira](#). Requests may be made to the [OPNFV Help Desk](#). DO NOT include any details about a security vulnerability in the request.

This will then allow a project to have vulnerabilities handled under a public embargo. A JIRA issue can be marked as private, allowing co-ordination with the security group, while a patch is prepared in private.

How to become a downstream stakeholder

Suppliers / Distributors of OPNFV can request allocation as a downstream stakeholder. Downstream stakeholders are notified 3 to 5 working days in advance of private issues / patches being made public. This then allows them time to plan maintenance windows / patch application processes.

To request allocation as a downstream stakeholder, please email [lhinds \[at\] redhat \[dot\] com](mailto:lhinds@redhat.com) or [Sona \[dot\] Sarmadi \[at\] enea \[dot\] com](mailto:Sona.Sarmadi@enea.com)

Overview of OSVM

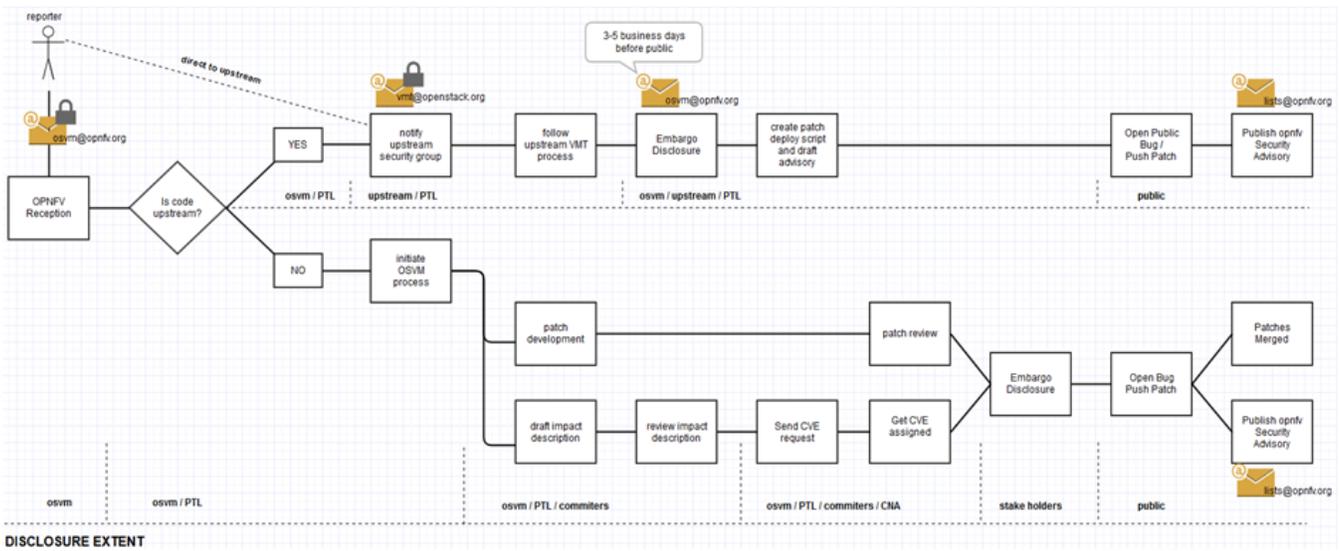
The OSVM process is to manage and coordinate the disclosure and management of vulnerabilities reported or discovered within the opnfv-eco system and upstream projects.

The process inherits from the already present and well functioning OSSG VMT Process and follows the [Responsible Disclosure Approach](#)

Draft OSVM Embargoed Vulnerability Management Process



The diagram below uses "@" to describe various stakeholders in the process. Note that these are NOT email addresses. Please do not use them for vulnerability reporting.



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